### Finding the Missing Angle of a Triangle

### 6.10A

Expressions, equalions, and relationships.
The student applies mathematical process standards to use equations and inequalities to solve problems. The student is expected to:

(A) model and solve one-variable, one-step equations and inequalities

that represent problems, including

geometric concepts;

#### 7.11C

Expressions, equalions, and relationships.
The student applies mathematical process standards to solve one-variable equations and inequalities. The student is expected to:

(C) write and solve equations using geometry concepts, including the sum of the angles in a triangle, and angle relationships.

### 8.8D

Expressions, equalions, and relationships.
The student applies mathematical process standards to use one-variable equations or inequalities in problem situations. The student is expected to:

(D) use informal arguments to establish facts about the angle sum and exterior angle of triangles, the angles created when parallel lines are cut by a transversal, and the angle-angle criterion for similarity of triangles.

## my teacher's learning goals for me are that I will Be able to:

- Discover the formula for calculating the measure of the <u>exterior angle</u> of a triangle when given the measures of the <u>opposite interior angles</u>.
- Use the formula to calculate the missing angle of a triangle, either opposite interior or exterior.
- Write an <u>equation</u> and <u>solve it</u> to calculate the missing measure.
- Pon't get trickep...Answer what the question is asking me to Calculate!

I will master the learning	goals for <b>Finding</b>	the Missing
Angle of a Triangle	with at least	mastery by

**Asking** questions when I'm not sure of something and **answering** questions when I know the answer.

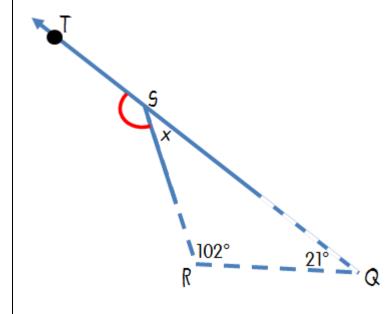
2)			
•			

3)			
3)			

#### Exploring the Exterior and opposite Interior Angles of Triangles

You should have your triangle that you cut out in class like the one below.  $\angle R$  and  $\angle Q$  should be highlighted.

Tear off  $\angle$  R and  $\angle$  Q from your triangle and line them up with the highlighted point touching vertex of  $\angle$  TSR.



# what Do you notice about the two opposite interior angles and the exterior angle of the triangle?

The two opposite interior angles of a triangle are \_\_\_\_\_

to the \_\_\_\_\_ angle of a triangle.

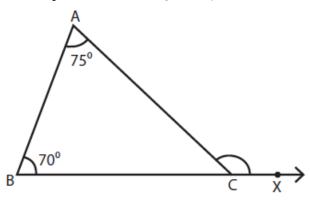
The two opposite interior angles = exterior angle and the adjacent interior angle of a triangle form a \_\_\_\_\_ when we tore them and placed them together, which is equal to \_\_\_\_ and is also the sum of the angles of a \_\_\_\_.

The formula for calculating the missing angle of a triangle when given two opposite interior angles and the exterior angle is:

+		=		

# I do... you follow along and process

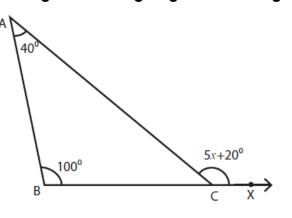
Α.



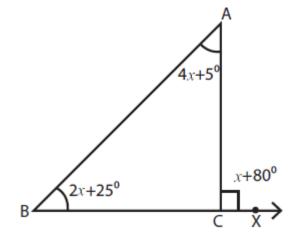
$$m \angle ACX = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

### Finding the Missing Angle of a Triangle

B.



C.



$$m \angle ACX = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

D.

